

Sheet #1210 = REVIEW DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

1. Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$  for

a,  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x + 4}{3x^3 - 5}$  0

b,  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 14}{x + 2}$   $\infty$

c,  $f(x) = \frac{4x^3 - 12}{-2x^3 + x - 5}$  -2

d, DO ANY ANSWERS CHANGE FOR  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ . YES. b,  $\rightarrow$  -20

2. a, FIND TANGENT LINE TO

$f(x) = x^3 - 8$  for  $x=1$   $y + 7 = 3(x - 1)$   
 $f'(x) = 3x^2$   $f'(1) = 3$   
 $f(1) = -7$

b, USE TANGENT LINE TO ESTIMATE

$f(1.1)$ .  $7 + 3(1.1 - 1) = \cancel{-7 + 0.3} = \boxed{-6.7}$   
 $-7 + 3(1) = -7 + 3 = -6.7$

3a, FIND  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for  $x^3y^2 + x^2y = 2$

$3x^2y^2 + x^3 \cdot 2yy' + 2xy + x^2y' = 0$   
 $y'(2x^3y + x^2) = -3x^2y - 2xy$   $y' = \frac{-3x^2y - 2xy}{2x^3y + x^2}$

b, FIND  $dy/dx$  AT (1,1)

$3 + 2y' + 2 + y' = 0$   $y' = \boxed{-\frac{5}{3}}$

$y' = \frac{-(3xy + 2)y}{(2xy + 1)x}$   
 $x \neq 0$

4. FIND CRITICAL POINTS, MAX, MIN AND POINTS OF INFLECTION FOR  $f(x)$  IF

$f'(x) = (x+1)(x-1)(x-2)^2$

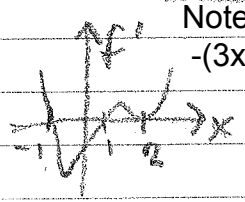
$f'(x) = 0$  when  $x = -1, x = 1, x = 2$

MAX:  $x = -1$   $f'$  FROM POS. TO NEG.

MIN:  $x = 1$   $f'$  FROM NEG. TO POS.

P.I. =  $x = 2$   $f'$  BOUNCE (LOCAL MIN FOR  $f'$ )

$x = -0.366$   $f'$  MIN  
 $x = 1.366$   $f'$  MAX.



Note:  $-(3xy + 2)y$  in numerator