

DERIVATIVES OF INVERSES & IMPLICIT DIFFERENTIATION.

1. $\sin \theta = x$ FIND $\cos \theta$ IN TERMS OF x . HINT: USE PYTHAGOREAN IDENTITY FOR $\cos \theta$, $\sin \theta$.

2. $\tan \theta = x$ FIND $\sec^2 \theta$ IN TERMS OF x .

3. $\frac{d}{dx} [g(x)]^2 =$
HINT: USE CHAIN RULE. WHAT IS f ?

4 and 5 = Let $u = g(x)$.

4. $\frac{d}{du} u^2 =$

5. $\frac{d}{dx} u^2 =$

6. $\frac{d}{dx} y^2 =$

7. $\frac{d}{dx} (xy) =$

8. $\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x} =$

9. If $y = \sqrt{x}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} y =$ (IN TERMS OF y)